



Diploma Programme
Programme du diplôme
Programa del Diploma

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Chemistry

Standard level

Paper 1

Friday 14 May 2021 (morning)

45 minutes

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- For each question, choose the answer you consider to be the best and indicate your choice on the answer sheet provided.
- The periodic table is provided for reference on page 2 of this examination paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[30 marks]**.

15 pages

2221–6110
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The Periodic Table

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1 H 1.01	3 Li 6.94	4 Be 9.01															
1																		
2																		
3																		
4																		
5																		
6																		
7																		

Atomic number	Element
Relative atomic mass	

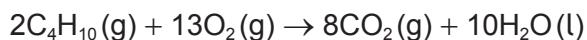
Element

Atomic number

5 B 10.81	6 C 12.01	7 N 14.01	8 O 16.00	9 F 19.00	10 Ne 20.18
13 Al 26.98	14 Si 28.09	15 P 30.97	16 S 32.07	17 Cl 35.45	18 Ar 39.95
31 Ga 69.72	32 Ge 72.63	33 As 74.92	34 Se 78.96	35 Br 79.90	36 Kr 83.90
30 Zn 65.38	29 Cu 63.55	28 Ni 58.69	27 Co 58.93	26 Fe 55.85	25 Mn 54.94
45 Rh 102.91	44 Ru (98)	43 Tc 95.96	42 Mo 92.91	41 Nb 91.22	23 V 50.94
48 Ag 106.42	47 Pd 102.91	46 Rh 101.07	44 Tc (98)	41 Mo 95.96	22 Ti 47.87
49 In 112.41	48 Cd 112.41	47 Ag 107.87	46 Pd 106.42	43 Tc 101.07	21 Sc 44.96
50 Sn 118.71	51 Sp 121.76	52 Te 127.60	53 I 126.90	54 Xe 131.29	12 Li 22.99

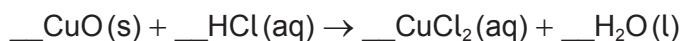
† Ce 140.12	58 Pr 140.91	59 Nd 144.24	60 Pm (145)	61 Sm 150.36	62 Eu 151.96	63 Gd 157.25	64 Tb 158.93	65 Dy 162.50	66 Ho 164.93	67 Er 167.26	68 Tm 168.93	69 Yb 173.05	70 Tm 174.97	71 Lu (294)
‡ Th 232.04	90 Pa 231.04	91 U 238.03	92 Np (237)	93 Pu (244)	94 Cm (243)	95 Am (243)	96 Bk (247)	97 Cf (251)	98 Es (252)	99 Md (257)	100 Fm (258)	101 No (259)	102 Lr (262)	103 Uuo (294)

1. Which contains the most atoms of oxygen?
- A. 64 g of O₂
B. 1.2 × 10²⁴ molecules of O₂
C. 64 g of C₃H₅O₃
D. 1.2 × 10²⁴ molecules of C₃H₅O₃
2. What is the resulting concentration, in mol dm⁻³, when 1.0 cm³ of 0.500 mol dm⁻³ nitric acid solution is diluted to 50.0 cm³ with water?
- A. 0.002
B. 0.01
C. 0.04
D. 0.1
3. What volume of oxygen, in dm³ at STP, is needed when 5.8 g of butane undergoes complete combustion?



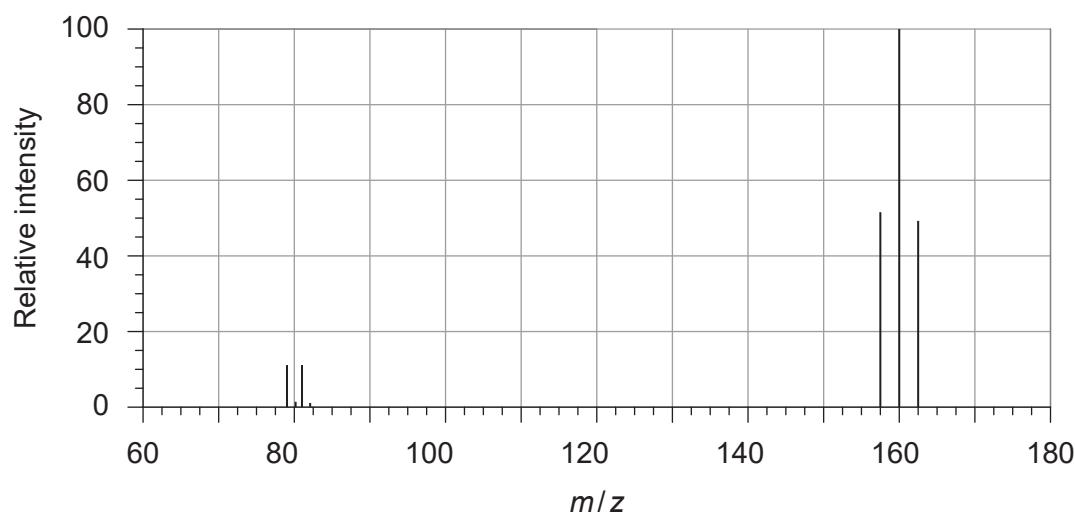
- A. $2 \times \frac{5.8}{12.01 \times 4 + 1.01 \times 10} \times 13 \times 22.7$
- B. $\frac{5.8}{12.01 \times 4 + 1.01 \times 10} \times \frac{13}{2} \times 22.7$
- C. $\frac{5.8}{12.01 \times 4 + 1.01 \times 10} \times \frac{2}{13} \times 22.7$
- D. $\frac{5.8}{12.01 \times 4 + 1.01 \times 10} \times \frac{13}{2} \times \frac{22.7}{1000}$

4. What is the coefficient of HCl(aq) when the equation is balanced using the smallest possible whole numbers?



- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

5. What is the relative molecular mass of bromine, according to the following mass spectrum?



- A. $\frac{158 \times 52 + 160 \times 100 + 162 \times 48}{52 + 100 + 48}$
- B. $\frac{158 \times 52 + 160 \times 100 + 162 \times 48}{158 + 160 + 162}$
- C. $\frac{79 \times 11 + 81 \times 11 + 158 \times 52 + 160 \times 100 + 162 \times 48}{11 + 11 + 52 + 100 + 48}$
- D. $\frac{79 \times 11 + 81 \times 11}{11 + 11}$

6. Which represents a p orbital?

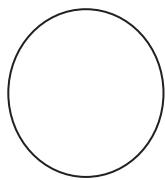
A.



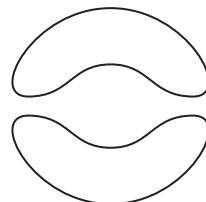
C.



B.



D.



7. Which species has the same electron configuration as argon?

A. Br^-

B. Ca^{2+}

C. Al^{3+}

D. Si^{4+}

8. Which trend is correct, going down group 1?

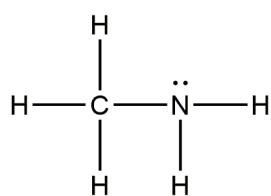
A. Melting point increases

B. Reactivity decreases

C. First ionisation energy increases

D. Electronegativity decreases

9. The Lewis structure of methylamine is shown.



What is the molecular geometry around N?

- A. Square planar
 - B. Tetrahedral
 - C. Trigonal planar
 - D. Trigonal pyramidal
10. Which compound contains both ionic and covalent bonds?
- A. MgO
 - B. CH₂Cl₂
 - C. CH₃COOH
 - D. NaOH
11. Which substance is most likely to be ionic?

	Melting point	Solubility in hexane	Electrical conductivity of solid
A.	High	Low	High
B.	Low	Low	Low
C.	Low	High	Low
D.	High	Low	Low

12. Along which series is the bond angle increasing?

- A. NH₃ H₂O CH₄
- B. CH₄ NH₃ H₂O
- C. H₂O NH₃ CH₄
- D. H₂O CH₄ NH₃

13. When sodium carbonate powder is added to ethanoic acid, the beaker becomes cooler.

Possible enthalpy diagrams are shown.

Diagram 1

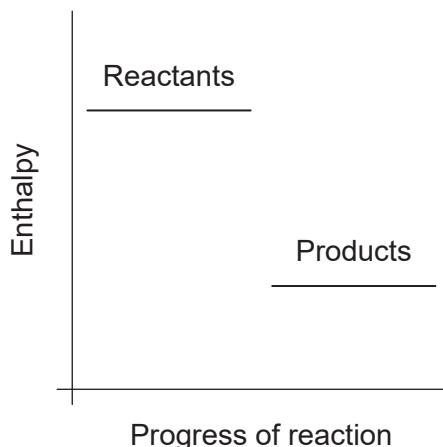
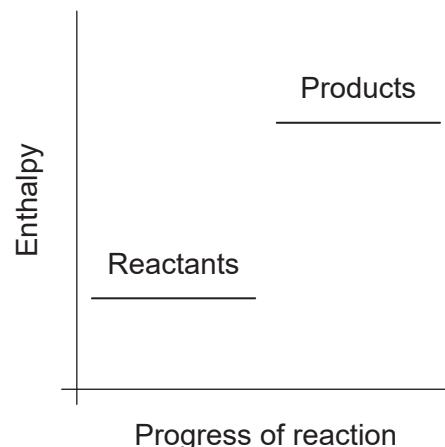


Diagram 2



Which correctly describes the reaction?

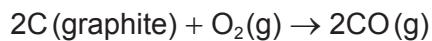
	Enthalpy diagram	Reaction
A.	1	Endothermic
B.	1	Exothermic
C.	2	Endothermic
D.	2	Exothermic

14. What is the enthalpy change, in J, when 5 g of water is heated from 10°C to 18°C?

Specific heat capacity of water: $4.18 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

- A. $5 \times 4.18 \times 8$
- B. $5 \times 10^{-3} \times 4.18 \times 8$
- C. $5 \times 4.18 \times (273 + 8)$
- D. $5 \times 10^{-3} \times 4.18 \times (273 + 8)$

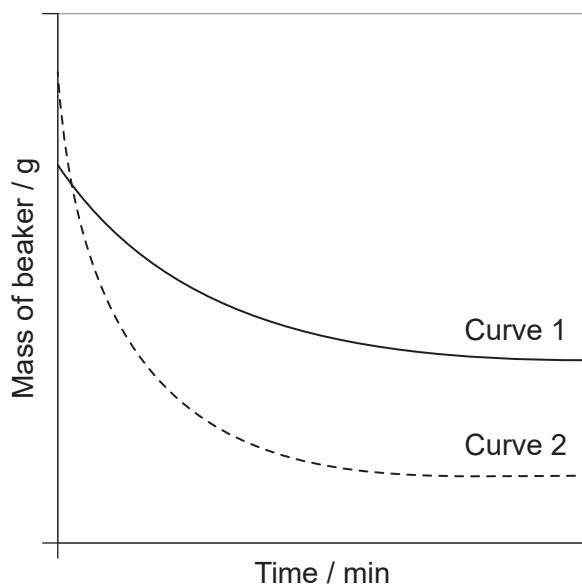
15. What is the enthalpy change of the reaction, in kJ?



Substance	$\Delta H_{\text{combustion}}^{\ominus} / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$
C (graphite)	-394
CO(g)	-283

- A. $-394 - 283$
- B. $2(-394) + 2(-283)$
- C. $-394 + 283$
- D. $2(-394) + 2(283)$

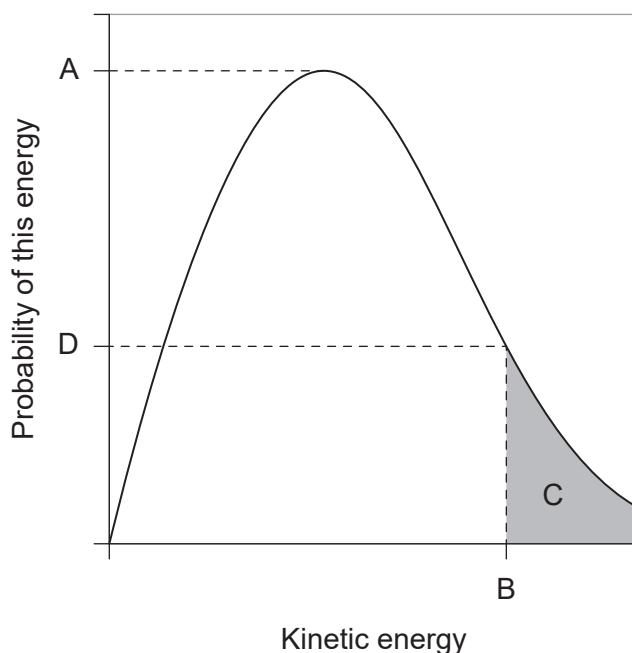
16. Curve 1 shows the mass change when marble chips are added to excess hydrochloric acid in an open beaker.



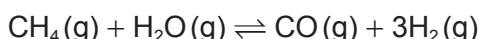
Which changes would produce curve 2?

- A. Powdering the marble chips and heating
- B. Powdering the marble chips and doubling their mass
- C. Doubling the volume of acid and heating
- D. Doubling the acid concentration and powdering the marble chips

17. On the following Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, which letter represents activation energy?



- A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
18. Which changes produce the greatest increase in the percentage conversion of methane?



	Pressure	Proportion of $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$
A.	Doubled	Halved
B.	Doubled	Doubled
C.	Halved	Doubled
D.	Halved	Halved

19. Which is amphiprotic?

- A. NH_4^+
- B. PO_4^{3-}
- C. H_2O
- D. H_3O^+

20. Which solution has a pH of 9?

- A. $1.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ HCl(aq)}$
- B. $1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ KOH(aq)}$
- C. $1.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ KOH(aq)}$
- D. $1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ HCl(aq)}$

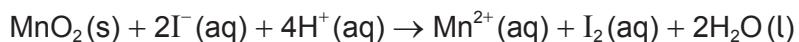
21. A student performed displacement reactions using metals W and X and solutions of salts of metals W, X, Y and Z. The results are summarized in the table.

Metal	Salt solution				
		W^{2+}	X^{2+}	Y^{2+}	Z^{2+}
	W		No reaction	No reaction	No reaction
X	Reaction			Reaction	No reaction

Which of the four metals is most reactive?

- A. W
- B. X
- C. Y
- D. Z

22. What is correct for this redox reaction?



	Reduced	Reducing agent
A.	$\text{MnO}_2(\text{s})$	$\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$
B.	$\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$	$\text{H}^+(\text{aq})$
C.	$\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$	$\text{MnO}_2(\text{s})$
D.	$\text{H}^+(\text{aq})$	$\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$

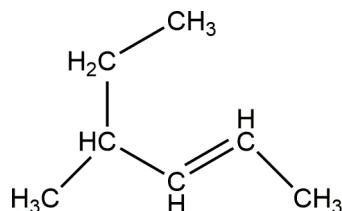
23. Which statements are correct for electrolysis?

- I. An exothermic reaction occurs.
 - II. Oxidation occurs at the anode (positive electrode).
 - III. The reaction is non-spontaneous.
- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II and III

24. Which series is in order of increasing boiling point?

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| A. $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ | CH_3COCH_3 | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ |
| B. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ | CH_3COCH_3 | $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ |
| C. CH_3COCH_3 | $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ |
| D. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ | $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ | CH_3COCH_3 |

25. What is the name of this compound, applying IUPAC rules?

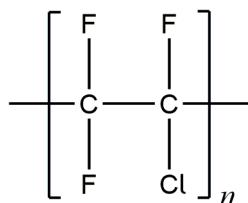


- A. 4-methylhex-2-ene
- B. 4-ethylpent-2-ene
- C. 2-ethylpent-3-ene
- D. 3-methylhex-4-ene

26. What is formed in a propagation step of the substitution reaction between bromine and ethane?

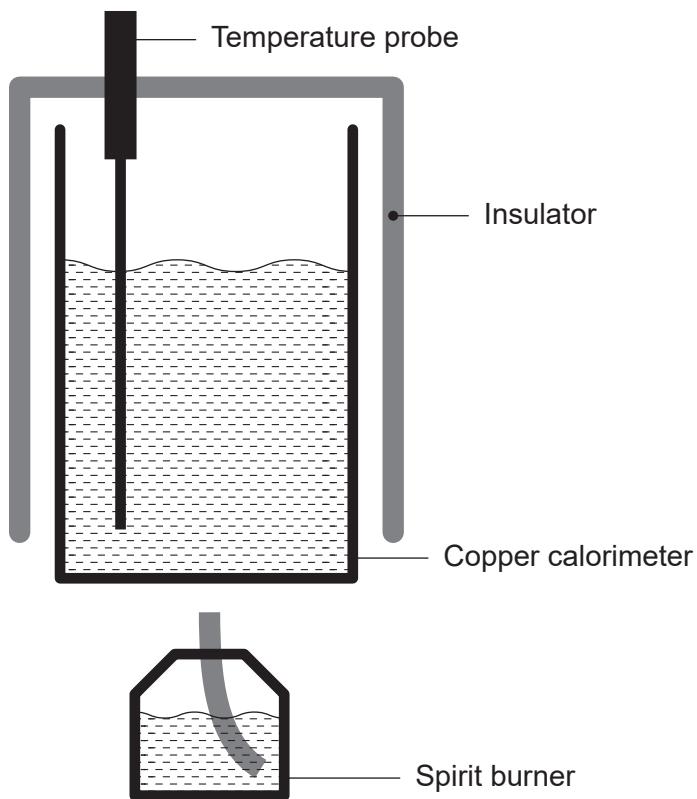
- A. CH₃CH₂•
- B. CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₃
- C. H•
- D. Br⁻

27. Which monomer would produce the polymer shown?



- A. CF₃CCl₂F
- B. CF₃CClHF
- C. CF₂CClF
- D. CF₂CF₂

28. The enthalpy of combustion of a fuel was determined using the calorimeter shown. The final result was lower than the literature value.



Which factors could have contributed to this error?

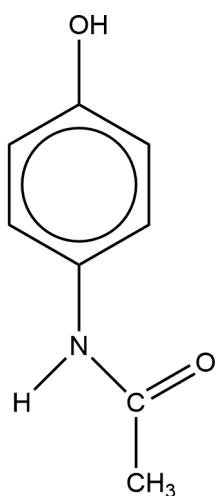
- I. Not all heat from the combustion was transferred to the calorimeter.
 - II. Incomplete combustion occurred.
 - III. The temperature probe touched the bottom of the calorimeter.
- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II and III

- 29.** Burette readings for a titration are shown.

Burette readings / $\text{cm}^3 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}^3$	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Final	11.35	24.60	11.70
Initial	0.20	13.50	0.50

What is the mean titre?

- A. $11.1 \text{ cm}^3 \pm 0.1 \text{ cm}^3$
 - B. $11.15 \text{ cm}^3 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}^3$
 - C. $11.2 \text{ cm}^3 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}^3$
 - D. $11.2 \text{ cm}^3 \pm 0.1 \text{ cm}^3$
- 30.** Determine the index of hydrogen deficiency (IHD) of paracetamol.



- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 6

References:

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