

Markscheme

May 2019

Chemistry

Standard level

Paper 2

10 pages

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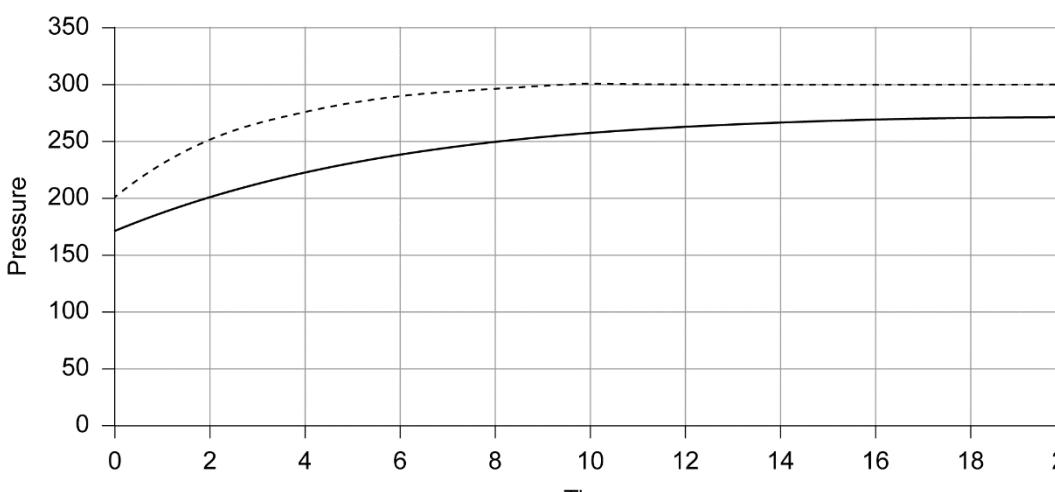
Question			Answers	Notes	Total
1.	a		$C_2H_2(g) + 2.5O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g) + H_2O(l)$ OR $2C_2H_2(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 4CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(l) \checkmark$		1
1.	b	i	H:C::C:H / H—C≡C—H ✓	Accept any valid combination of lines, dots and crosses.	1
1.	b	ii	«ethyne» shorter AND a greater number of shared/bonding electrons OR «ethyne» shorter AND stronger bond ✓		1
1.	b	iii	London/dispersion/instantaneous dipole-induced dipole forces ✓	<i>Do not accept just “intermolecular forces” or “van der Waals’ forces”.</i>	1
1.	c	i	«electrophilic» addition/A _E ✓	Accept “polymerization”.	1
1.	c	ii	ethanal ✓		1
1.	c	iii	«sum of bond enthalpies of reactants => $2(C-H) + C\equiv C + 2(O-H)$ OR $2 \times 414 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 839 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 2 \times 463 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ OR 2593 «kJ» ✓ «sum of bond enthalpies of A => $3(C-H) + C=C + C-O + O-H$ OR $3 \times 414 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 614 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 358 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 463 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ OR 2677 «kJ» ✓ «enthalpy of reaction = $2593 \text{ kJ} - 2677 \text{ kJ} = -84 \text{ kJ}$ ✓	Award [3] for correct final answer.	3

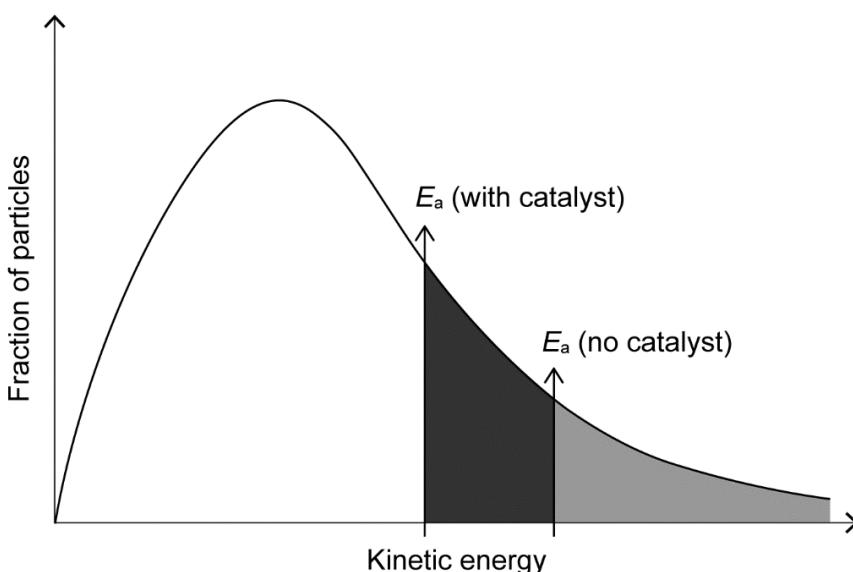
(continued...)

(Question 1c continued)

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
1.	c	iv	B AND it has a more negative/lower enthalpy/«potential» energy OR B AND more exothermic «enthalpy of reaction from same starting point» ✓		1
1.	c	v	<p><i>Identity of product: «B»</i></p> <p><i>IR spectrum:</i> 1700–1750 «cm⁻¹ band» AND carbonyl/CO group present OR no «band at» 1620–1680 «cm⁻¹» AND absence of double bond/C=C OR no «broad band at» 3200–3600 «cm⁻¹» AND absence of hydroxyl/OH group ✓</p> <p><i>¹H NMR spectrum:</i> «only» two signals AND A would have three OR «signal at» 9.4–10.0 «ppm» AND «H atom/proton of» aldehyde/–CHO present OR «signal at» 2.2–2.7 «ppm» AND «H atom/proton of alkyl/CH next to» aldehyde/CHO present OR «signal at» 2.2–2.7 «ppm» AND «H atom/proton of» RCOCH₂- present OR no «signal at» 4.5–6.0 «ppm» AND absence of «H-atom/proton next to» double bond/C=C ✓</p>	Accept a specific value or range of wavenumbers and chemical shifts. Accept “two signals with areas 1:3”.	2

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
1.	d	i	<p><i>Reagents:</i> acidified/H⁺ AND «potassium» dichromate«(VI)»/K₂Cr₂O₇/Cr₂O₇²⁻ ✓</p> <p><i>Conditions:</i> distil «the product before further oxidation» ✓</p>	<p>Accept “«acidified potassium» manganate(VII)/KMnO₄/MnO₄⁻/permanganate”.</p> <p>Accept “H₂SO₄” or “H₃PO₄” for “H⁺”.</p> <p>Accept “more dilute dichromate(VI)/manganate(VII)” or “excess ethanol”.</p> <p>Award M1 if correct reagents given under “Conditions”.</p>	2
1.	d	ii	–1 ✓		1
1.	d	iii	<p><i>Any three of:</i></p> <p>has an oxygen/O atom with a lone pair ✓</p> <p>that can form hydrogen bonds/H-bonds «with water molecules» ✓</p> <p>hydrocarbon chain is short «so does not disrupt many H-bonds with water molecules» ✓</p> <p>«large permanent» dipole-dipole interactions with water ✓</p>	3 max	

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
2.	a		increase in the amount/number of moles/molecules «of gas» ✓ from 2 to 3/by 50 % ✓		2
2.	b		«rate of reaction decreases» concentration/number of molecules in a given volume decreases OR more space between molecules ✓ collision rate/frequency decreases OR fewer collisions per second/unit time ✓	<i>Do not accept just “larger space/volume” for M1.</i>	2
2.	c		 smaller initial gradient ✓ initial pressure is lower AND final pressure of gas lower «by similar factor» ✓		2

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
2.	d	<p>no AND it is a systematic error/not a random error OR no AND «a similar magnitude» error would occur every time ✓</p>		1
2.	e	 <p>catalysed and uncatalysed E_a marked on graph AND with the catalysed being at lower energy ✓</p> <p>«for catalysed reaction» greater proportion of/more molecules have $E \geq E_a$ / $E > E_a$ OR «for catalysed reaction» greater area under curve to the right of the E_a ✓</p>	Accept "more molecules have the activation energy".	2

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
3.	a		absorbs <u>UV/ultraviolet</u> light «of longer wavelength than absorbed by O ₂ » ✓		1
3.	b	i	mass spectrometry/MS ✓		1
3.	b	ii	« $\frac{(98 \times 14) + (2 \times 15)}{100} =» 14.02$ ✓ « $M_r = (14.02 \times 2) + 16.00 =» 44.04$ ✓		2
3.	b	iii	Any two: same AND have same nuclear charge/number of protons/Z _{eff} ✓ same AND neutrons do not affect attraction/ionization energy/Z _{eff} OR same AND neutrons have no charge ✓ same AND same attraction for «outer» electrons ✓ same AND have same electronic configuration/shielding ✓	Accept “almost the same”. “same” only needs to be stated once. 2 max	
3.	c		oxides of nitrogen/non-metals are «usually» acidic ✓		1

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
4.	a		<p>gap in the periodic table OR element with atomic number «75» unknown OR break/irregularity in periodic trends ✓ «periodic table shows» regular/periodic trends «in properties» ✓</p>		2
4.	b		<p>place «pieces of» Re into each solution ✓ if Re reacts/is coated with metal, that metal is less reactive «than Re» ✓</p>	<i>Accept other valid observations such as “colour of solution fades” or “solid/metal appears” for “reacts”.</i>	2
4.	c	i	<p>rhenium(III) chloride OR rhenium trichloride ✓</p>		1
4.	c	ii	<p>«$M_r \text{ ReCl}_3 = 186.21 + (3 \times 35.45) \Rightarrow 292.56$ ✓ «$100 \times \frac{186.21}{292.56} \Rightarrow 63.648\%$ ✓»</p>		2

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
5.	a	i	<p><i>Weak acid</i>: partially dissociated/ionized «in solution/water»</p> <p>AND</p> <p><i>Strong acid</i>: «assumed to be almost» completely/100 % dissociated/ionized «in solution/water» ✓</p>		1
5.	a	ii	CO_3^{2-} ✓		1
5.	a	iii	shifts to left/reactants AND to increase amount/number of moles/molecules of gas/ CO_2 (g) ✓	Accept “shifts to left/reactants AND to increase pressure”.	1
5.	b	i	«additional HCO_3^- » shifts position of equilibrium to left ✓ pH increases ✓	<i>Do not award M2 without any justification in terms of equilibrium shift in M1.</i>	2
5.	b	ii	<p>«molar mass of $\text{NaHCO}_3 \Rightarrow 84.01 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$» ✓</p> <p>«concentration = $\frac{3.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g}}{84.01 \text{ g mol}^{-1}} \times \frac{1}{0.100 \text{ dm}^3} \Rightarrow 3.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$» ✓</p>	Award [2] for correct final answer.	2
5.	b	iii	<p><i>Between sodium and hydrogencarbonate:</i> ionic ✓</p> <p><i>Between hydrogen and oxygen in hydrogencarbonate:</i> «polar» covalent ✓</p>		2