



# **Markscheme**

**May 2018**

**Chemistry**

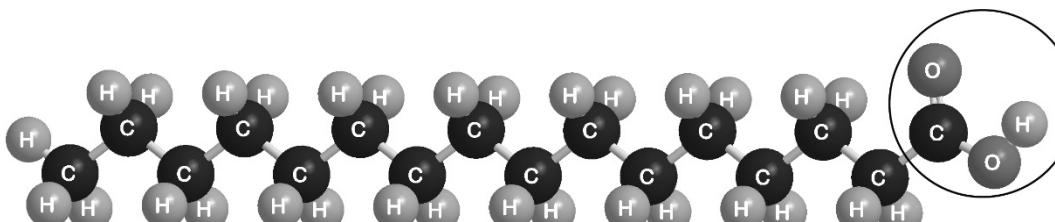
**Standard level**

**Paper 3**

22 pages

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## Section A

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|--|-------|
| 1.       | a | i  |   | <p>Must cut <math>\text{CH}_2\text{-CO}</math> bond <b>AND</b> enclose all of the <math>-\text{COOH}</math> group.</p>   | 1     |
| 1.       | a | ii | <p>Any two of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>-\text{COOH}/\text{CO}/\text{OH}/\text{carboxylate}/\text{carboxyl}/\text{hydroxyl}/\text{hydroxy group forms hydrogen bonds/H-bonds to water}</math> ✓</li> <li>London/dispersion/instantaneous induced dipole-induced dipole forces occur between hydrocarbon chains ✓</li> <li>hydrocarbon chain cannot form hydrogen bonds/H-bonds to water ✓</li> <li>strong hydrogen bonds/H-bonds between water molecules exclude hydrocarbon chains «from the body of the water» ✓</li> </ul> | <p>Accept “hydrophilic part/group forms hydrogen bonds/H-bonds to water”.</p> <p>Accept “hydrophobic section” instead of “hydrocarbon chain”.</p> <p>Award <b>[1 max]</b> for answers based on “the <math>-\text{COOH}</math> group being polar <b>AND</b> the hydrocarbon chain being non-polar”.</p> | 2 max |

| Question |   |     | Answers  | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|-----|--|--|-------|
| 1.       | b | i   | <p><i>Above about 240 cm<sup>2</sup>:</i><br/>greater collision frequency/collisions per second between «palmitic acid» molecules and the barrier «as area reduced» ✓</p> <p><i>At less than about 240 cm<sup>2</sup>:</i><br/>molecules completely cover the surface<br/><b>OR</b><br/>there is no space between molecules<br/><b>OR</b><br/>force from movable barrier transmitted directly through the molecules to the fixed barrier<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«palmitic acid» molecules are pushed up/down/out of layer ✓</p> | <p><i>For both M1 and M2 accept “particles” for “molecules”.</i></p> <p><i>For M1 accept “space/area between molecules reduced” OR “molecules moving closer together”.</i></p> | 2     |
| 1.       | b | ii  | <p>amount of acid = «<math>5.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ dm}^3 \times 0.0034 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}</math>» = <math>1.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol}</math> ✓</p> <p>number of molecules = «<math>1.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}</math>» = <math>1.0 \times 10^{17}</math> ✓</p>  | <p><i>Award [2] for correct final answer.</i></p> <p><i>Award [1] for “<math>1.0 \times 10^{20}</math>”.</i></p>   | 2     |
| 1.       | b | iii | « $\text{area} = \frac{240 \text{ cm}^2}{1.0 \times 10^{17}}$ » $2.4 \times 10^{-15} \text{ cm}^2$ ✓   |  | 1     |

| Question |   |     | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|-----|---|---|-------|
| 2.       | a |     | $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) + 2\text{HCl}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{CaCl}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \checkmark$   | Accept "CO <sub>2</sub> (aq)".  | 1     |
| 2.       | b |     | measure the volume of gas at different times «plot a graph and extrapolate»<br><b>OR</b><br>measure the mass of the reaction mixture at different times «plot a graph and extrapolate» ✓  | Accept other techniques that yield data which can be plotted and extrapolated.                              | 1     |
| 2.       | c | i   | method 2 <b>AND</b> marble is in excess «so a little extra has little effect»<br><b>OR</b><br>large chips <b>AND</b> marble is in excess «so a little extra has little effect»<br><b>OR</b><br>method 2 <b>AND</b> HCl is limiting reagent «so a little extra marble has little effect»<br><b>OR</b><br>large chips <b>AND</b> HCl is limiting reagent «so a little extra marble has little effect» ✓ | Accept, as a reason, that "as the mass is greater the percentage variation will be lower".                  | 1     |
| 2.       | c | ii  | surface area<br><b>OR</b><br>purity «of the marble» ✓   | Accept "shape of the chip".   | 1     |
| 2.       | d | i   | variation of individual values is much greater «than this uncertainty»<br><b>OR</b><br>«uncertainty» does not take into account «student» reaction time ✓   |   | 1     |
| 2.       | d | ii  | « $\frac{121.96\text{ s}}{2} = 60.98\text{ s}$ » = 61«s» ✓  |   | 1     |
| 2.       | d | iii | systematic <b>AND</b> always makes the time shorter «than the actual value»<br><b>OR</b><br>systematic <b>AND</b> it is an error in the method used «not an individual measurement»<br><b>OR</b><br>systematic <b>AND</b> more repetitions would not reduce the error ✓   | Accept, as reason, "it always affects the value in the same direction" <b>OR</b> "the error is consistent". | 1     |

## Section B

### Option A — Materials

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes                         | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|-------------------------------|-------|
| 3.       | a |    | «close packed» lattice of metal atoms/ions ✓<br>no spaces for water molecules to pass though the structure ✓  |                               | 2     |
| 3.       | b | i  | composite ✓   |                               | 1     |
| 3.       | b | ii | melting point<br><i>OR</i><br>permeability<br><i>OR</i><br>density<br><i>OR</i><br>conductivity<br><i>OR</i><br>elasticity/stiffness<br><i>OR</i><br>brittleness/flexibility<br><i>OR</i><br>«tensile» strength ✓ | Accept “colour/transparency”. | 1     |

*(continued...)*

(Question 3b continued)

| Question |   |     | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|-----|---|---|-------|
| 3.       | b | iii | <p>Any three of:</p> <p>hydrocarbon/carbon-containing gas/compound ✓</p> <p>mixed with inert gas ✓</p> <p>heat/high temperature ✓</p> <p>«transition» metal catalyst ✓</p> <p>hydrocarbon/carbon compound decomposes to form carbon «nanotubes» ✓</p> <p>nanotubes form on catalyst surface ✓</p> | <p>Accept “ethanol” or specific hydrocarbons.</p> <p>Accept “N<sub>2</sub>”, “H<sub>2</sub>”, “NH<sub>3</sub>” or specific inert gases.</p> <p>Accept temperature or range within 600–800 °C.</p> <p>Accept specific metals such as Ni, Co or Fe.</p> | 3 max |
| 3.       | b | iv  | rod shaped molecules ✓  |   | 1     |

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|---|-------|
| 4.       | a |    | soften/melt when heated<br><b>OR</b><br>can be melted and moulded ✓   | Accept “low melting point” <b>OR</b> “can be moulded when heated”.  | 1     |
| 4.       | b | i  | both have «long» hydrocarbon chains<br><b>OR</b><br>both have chains comprising CH <sub>2</sub> units ✓<br><br>HDPE has little/no branching <b>AND</b> LDPE has «more» branching ✓                            | Accept “CH <sub>2</sub> –CH <sub>2</sub> units”.<br><br>Accept “HDPE more crystalline”.   | 2     |
| 4.       | b | ii | HDPE is more rigid/less flexible<br><b>OR</b><br>HDPE has a higher melting point<br><b>OR</b><br>HDPE has greater «tensile» strength ✓  | Accept “HDPE has lower ductility”.  | 1     |
| 4.       | c | i  | form «temporary» activated complexes/reaction intermediates ✓   | Accept “consumed in one reaction/step <b>AND</b> regenerated in a later reaction/step”.<br>Accept “provides alternative mechanism”. | 1     |
| 4.       | c | ii | inductively coupled plasma/ICP spectroscopy using mass spectroscopy/mass spectrometry/MS/ICP-MS<br><b>OR</b><br>inductively coupled plasma/ICP spectroscopy using optical emission spectroscopy/OES/ICP-OES ✓ | Accept “atomic absorption/aa spectroscopy” or “MS/mass-spectroscopy/mass spectrometry”.   | 1     |

| Question |   | Answers  | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|--|--|-------|
| 4.       | d | <p>Any two of:<br/>many types «of plastics» exist<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«plastics» require sorting «by type» ✓</p> <p>«plastics» need to be separated from non-plastic materials<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«often» composites/moulded on/bound to non-plastic/other components ✓</p> | Accept other valid factors such as thermal decomposition of some plastics, production of toxic fumes, etc. | 2     |
| 4.       | e | «different classifications are appropriate for» different properties/applications/purposes ✓   |  | 1     |

|    |  |   |                                     |   |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| 5. |  | <p>ratio of electrons : aluminium ions = 3 : 1 ✓</p> <p>amount Al «<math>\frac{1.296 \times 10^{13} \text{ C}}{96500 \text{ Cmol}^{-1} \times 3}</math>» = <math>4.48 \times 10^7</math> «mol» ✓</p> <p>mass Al «= <math>4.48 \times 10^7 \text{ mol} \times 26.98 \text{ g mol}^{-1}</math>» = <math>1.21 \times 10^9</math> «g» ✓</p> | Award [3] for correct final answer. | 3 |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|

## Option B — Biochemistry

| Question |   | Answers  | Notes | Total |
|----------|---|--|-------|-------|
| 6.       | a | <p> <math>\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{C}-\text{NH}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{COOH}</math><br/> <math>\text{OR}</math><br/> <math>\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2)-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{C}-\text{NH}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{COOH}</math> </p> <p>correct structures of Val <b>AND</b> Asn ✓<br/>correct amide link ✓</p> |       | 2     |

| Question |   |    | Answers  | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|----|--|--|-------|
| 6.       | b |    | <p><i>Phenylalanine and valine:</i><br/>London/dispersion/instantaneous induced dipole-induced dipole forces<br/><b>OR</b><br/>permanent dipole-induced dipole «interactions» ✓</p> <p><i>Glutamine and asparagine:</i><br/>hydrogen bonds ✓</p> | <i>Do not accept dipole-dipole interactions.</i> | 2     |
| 6.       | c | i  | hydrolysis ✓   |  | 1     |
| 6.       | c | ii | <p>compare <math>R_f</math> with known amino acids<br/><b>OR</b><br/>compare distance moved with known amino acids ✓</p>   | <i>Accept "from <math>R_f</math>".</i>           | 1     |

|    |   |    |  |  |   |
|----|---|----|--|--|---|
| 7. | a | i  | hydrolytic «rancidity» ✓<br>ester group ✓  | <i>Accept a formula for ester group.</i> | 2 |
| 7. | a | ii | <p>«presence of» moisture/water<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«increase in» temperature<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«presence of» enzymes/bacteria/fungi/mould<br/><b>OR</b><br/>low pH/«presence of» acid ✓</p> | <i>Accept "heat".</i>                    | 1 |

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|---|-------|
| 7.       | b |    | <p>«stearic acid» straight chain/chain has no kinks/more regular structure<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         «stearic acid» saturated/no «carbon–carbon» double bonds ✓</p> <p>«stearic acid» chains pack more closely together ✓<br/>         stronger London/dispersion/instantaneous induced dipole-induced dipole forces<br/>         «between molecules» ✓</p> | Accept “«stearic acid» greater surface area/electron density”.                    | 3     |
| 7.       | c | i  | <p>lowers risk of heart disease/atherosclerosis<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         lowers LDL cholesterol<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         increases HDL cholesterol<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         aids brain/neurological development «in children»<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         relieves rheumatoid arthritis ✓</p>  |   | 1     |
| 7.       | c | ii | soluble <b>AND</b> non-polar hydrocarbon chain ✓  | Accept as reasons “«predominantly» non-polar” <b>OR</b> “long hydrocarbon chain”. | 1     |

(continued)

(Question 7c continued)

| Question |   |     | Answers   | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|-----|---|--|-------|
| 7.       | c | iii | <p>not biodegradable<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         stored/accumulate in fat ✓</p> <p>biomagnification occurs<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         concentration increases along food chain ✓</p>   | <p>Accept “stored/accumulate in bodies of prey/animals eaten”.<br/>         Accept “not excreted”.</p>   | 2     |
| 7.       | c | iv  | <p>add starch/cellulose/carbohydrates/additives/catalysts «to plastic during manufacture to allow digestion by micro-organisms»<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         replace traditional plastics with polylactic acid/PLA-based ones<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         blend traditional and polylactic acid/PLA-based plastics ✓</p> | <p>Accept reference to biodegradable plastics other than PLA; for example polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA), poly(butylene succinate) (PBS), polybutylene adipate terephthalate (PBAT) and polycaprolactone (PCL).</p> | 1     |

| Question |   |  | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|--|---|---|-------|
| 8.       | a |  | « $\alpha$ -1,4-»glycosidic ✓   | Accept « $\alpha$ -1,4-»glycoside.<br>Accept “ether”. | 1     |
| 8.       | b |  | <p><i>Glucose:</i><br/>readily passes through intestine wall/dissolves in blood<br/><b>OR</b><br/>is immediately available for energy/respiration<br/><b>OR</b><br/>transported rapidly around body ✓</p> <p><i>Starch:</i><br/>must be hydrolysed/broken down «into smaller molecules» first ✓</p> |   | 2     |

## Option C — Energy

| Question   |  | Answers  |   | Notes  | Total                     |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
|--|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------|--|--|--|-------|
| 9.   | a  | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Gas</th> <th>Source</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>methane/CH<sub>4</sub> ✓</td> <td>animals<br/><i>OR</i><br/>anaerobic decomposition of organic waste<br/><i>OR</i><br/>bogs/marshes/rice paddies ✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>nitrogen(I) oxide/dinitrogen monoxide/N<sub>2</sub>O ✓</td> <td>bacterial action<br/><i>OR</i><br/>combustion of biomass ✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ozone/O<sub>3</sub> ✓</td> <td>effect of <u>UV</u> light on oxygen/O<sub>2</sub> ✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Gas   | Source   | methane/CH <sub>4</sub> ✓ | animals<br><i>OR</i><br>anaerobic decomposition of organic waste<br><i>OR</i><br>bogs/marshes/rice paddies ✓ | nitrogen(I) oxide/dinitrogen monoxide/N <sub>2</sub> O ✓ | bacterial action<br><i>OR</i><br>combustion of biomass ✓ | ozone/O <sub>3</sub> ✓ | effect of <u>UV</u> light on oxygen/O <sub>2</sub> ✓ |  |  | 2 max |
| Gas  | Source   |  |   |  |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
| methane/CH <sub>4</sub> ✓                                | animals<br><i>OR</i><br>anaerobic decomposition of organic waste<br><i>OR</i><br>bogs/marshes/rice paddies ✓ |  |   |  |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
| nitrogen(I) oxide/dinitrogen monoxide/N <sub>2</sub> O ✓ | bacterial action<br><i>OR</i><br>combustion of biomass ✓   |  |   |  |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
| ozone/O <sub>3</sub> ✓                                   | effect of <u>UV</u> light on oxygen/O <sub>2</sub> ✓   |  |   |  |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
|  |  |  |   | Accept “nitrous oxide”.<br><br>Accept “electrical discharges/lightning”.               |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
| 9.   | b  | $\text{CO}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq})$ ✓<br><i>OR</i><br>$\text{CO}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$ <b>AND</b> $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq})$ ✓  | Accept $\text{CO}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ .<br><br>Accept equations with single arrow. | 1  |                           |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |
| 9.   | c  | no change in polarity/dipole «moment when molecule vibrates» ✓   |   | <i>Do not accept “non-polar” or “no dipole moment” – idea of change must be there.</i> | 1                         |  |  |  |                        |  |  |  |       |

| Question |   | Answers   | Notes                         | Total |
|----------|---|---|-------------------------------|-------|
| 10.      | a | <p>nitrogen/N<br/><b>OR</b><br/>oxygen/O<br/><b>OR</b><br/>sulfur/S ✓</p>   | <p>Accept “phosphorus/P”.</p> | 1     |
| 10.      | b | <p>Any three of:<br/>different molar masses<br/><b>OR</b><br/>different strengths of intermolecular forces ✓<br/><br/>different boiling points ✓<br/><br/>temperature in «fractionating» column decreases upwards ✓<br/><br/>«components» condense at different temperatures/heights<br/><b>OR</b><br/>«component with» lower boiling point leaves column first ✓</p> |                               | 3 max |

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|--|-------|
| 10.      | c | i  | <p>specific energy «= <math>\frac{\text{energy released}}{\text{mass consumed}} = \frac{5470 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}}{114.26 \text{ g mol}^{-1}}</math> » = 47.9 «kJ g<sup>-1</sup>» ✓</p> <p>energy density «= <math>\frac{\text{energy released}}{\text{volume consumed}}</math> = specific energy × density = 47.9 kJ g<sup>-1</sup> × 0.703 g cm<sup>-3</sup> » = 33.7 «kJ cm<sup>-3</sup>» ✓</p> | <p><i>Do not accept “-47.9 «kJ g<sup>-1</sup>».</i></p> <p><i>Do not accept “-33.7 «kJ cm<sup>-3</sup>” unless “-47.9 «kJ g<sup>-1</sup>» already penalized.</i></p> | 2     |
| 10.      | c | ii | <p>energy is lost «to the surroundings» as heat/sound/friction<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         energy is lost to the surroundings «as heat/sound/friction»<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         incomplete combustion ✓</p>  | <p><i>Do not accept just “energy is lost”.</i></p>   | 1     |
| 11.      | a | i  | <p>viscosity «of vegetable oils is too high» ✓</p> <p>transesterification<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         «conversion into» alkyl/methyl/ethyl esters ✓</p>   |  | 2     |
| 11.      | a | ii | <p>R-CO-O-CH<sub>3</sub> / RCOOMe<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         R-CO-O-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> / RCOOEt ✓</p>  |  | 1     |

| Question |   |  | Answers   | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|--|---|---|-------|
| 11.      | b |  | <p>«growing oil producing» plants absorbs carbon dioxide from the atmosphere<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         «combustion of» petroleum based fuels releases carbon stored «for millions of years» ✓</p> | <p>Accept “biofuels renewable” <b>OR</b><br/>         “petroleum based fuels non-renewable”.<br/>         Accept “waste vegetable oils can be converted to biofuels/biodiesel”.<br/>         Accept “biofuels do not contain sulfur”.</p> | 1     |

|     |   |    |   |   |       |
|-----|---|----|---|---|-------|
| 12. | a | i  | mass spectrometry/mass spectroscopy/MS ✓  | Accept “analysis of radiation emitted”.   | 1     |
| 12. | a | ii | <p><i>critical mass</i>: mass required so that «on average» each fission/reaction results in a further fission/reaction ✓</p> <p><i>Any two for [2 max]</i>:</p> <p>neutron captured by «<math>^{235}\text{U}</math>» nucleus ✓</p> <p>fission/reaction produces many neutrons/more than one neutron ✓</p> <p>if these cause further fission/reaction a chain reaction occurs ✓</p> | <p>Accept “minimum mass of fuel needed for the reaction to be self-sustaining”.</p> <p>Accept answers in the form of suitable diagrams/equations.</p> | 3 max |
| 12. | b |    | <p>produce long lived/long half-life radioisotopes/radioactivity<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         could be used to produce nuclear weapons<br/> <b>OR</b><br/>         «nuclear» accidents/meltdowns can occur ✓</p>   | Accept “long lived/long half-life radioactive waste”.   | 1     |

## Option D — Medicinal chemistry

| Question |   |    | Answers  | Notes   | Total |
|----------|---|----|--|---|-------|
| 13.      | a |    | <p>Any one of:</p> <p>anticoagulant ✓</p> <p>lower risk of heart attack/strokes ✓</p> <p>prevent recurrence of heart attack/stroke ✓</p> <p>prevents cancer of colon/oesophagus/stomach ✓</p>  | <p>Accept “prevents/reduces blood clots”<br/><b>OR</b> “blood thinner”.</p>   | 1 max |
| 13.      | b | i  | <p>fraction/proportion/percentage «of administered dosage» that reaches target «part of human body»<br/><b>OR</b><br/>fraction/ proportion/percentage «of administered dosage» that reaches blood «plasma»/systemic circulation ✓</p>  | <p>Accept “the ability of the drug to be absorbed by the body” <b>OR</b> “the extent to which the drug is absorbed by the body”.<br/><b>Do not accept</b> “the amount/quantity of the drug absorbed”.</p> | 1     |
| 13.      | b | ii | «intravenous» injection/IV ✓   | <p>Accept “parenterally”.</p> <p>Accept “react with alkali/NaOH” <b>OR</b> “convert to ionic form/salt”.</p>  | 1     |
| 13.      | c | i  | <p><i>One absorption found in both spectra:</i></p> <p>Any one of:</p> <p>1050–1410 cm<sup>-1</sup> «C–O in alcohols, esters, ethers» ✓</p> <p>1700–1750 cm<sup>-1</sup> «C=O in carboxylic acids, esters» ✓</p> <p>2500–3000 cm<sup>-1</sup> «O–H in carboxylic acids» ✓</p> <p>2850–3090 cm<sup>-1</sup> «C–H in alkanes, alkenes, arenes» ✓</p><br><p><i>One absorption found in only one of the spectra:</i></p> <p>3200–3600 cm<sup>-1</sup> «O–H in alcohols, phenols» ✓</p> | <p>Award [1 max] if candidate states bonds (C=O in both, O–H in salicylic acid only) but doesn't quote wavelength ranges.</p>   | 2 max |

(continued...)

(Question 13c continued)

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|--|-------|
| 13.      | c | ii | <p>Any two of:</p> <p>ring is «sterically» strained</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>ring breaks up/opens/reacts «easily»</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>amide/amido group «in ring» is «highly» reactive ✓</p> <p>«irreversibly» binds/bonds to enzyme/transpeptidase</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>inhibits enzyme/transpeptidase «in bacteria» that produces cell walls</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>prevents cross-linking of bacterial cell walls ✓</p> <p>cells absorb water <b>AND</b> burst</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>cells cannot reproduce ✓</p> | <p>Award [1 max] for “interferes with cell wall production”.</p> <p><i>Do not accept “cell membrane” instead of “cell wall”.</i></p> | 2 max |

(continued...)

(Question 13c continued)

| Question |   |     | Answers  | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|-----|--|--|-------|
| 13.      | c | iii | <p>Any two of:</p> <p>leads to «bacterial» resistance/proportion of resistant bacteria increases<br/> <b>OR</b></p> <p>leads to penicillinase-producing bacteria ✓</p> <p>damage to/contamination of bodies of water/ecosystems ✓</p> <p>destroys useful/beneficial bacteria ✓</p> <p>destroyed bacteria replaced by more harmful bacteria ✓</p> | <p>Accept “endocrine disruptor”.</p> <p><b>Do not accept “increased cost of developing antibiotics”.</b></p>   | 2 max |
| 13.      | c | iv  | modify side chain ✓  |  | 1     |
| 13.      | d | i   | <p>temporarily bind to/block/interfere with receptor sites in brain<br/> <b>OR</b></p> <p>prevent transmission of pain impulses within CNS/central nervous system ✓</p>  |  | 1     |
| 13.      | d | ii  | codeine has a wider therapeutic window ✓   | <p>Accept “codeine has lower activity” <b>OR</b> “codeine has lower risk of overdose” <b>OR</b> “codeine is less potent” <b>OR</b> “codeine has less side-effects”.</p> <p><b>Do not accept “lower abuse potential for codeine” <b>OR</b> “less addictive «than morphine»” <b>OR</b> “codeine has a lower bioavailability” <b>OR</b> “available without prescription” <b>OR</b> “cheaper”.</b></p> | 1     |

| Question |   |    | Answers   | Notes  | Total |
|----------|---|----|---|--|-------|
| 14.      | a | i  | MgCO <sub>3</sub> (s) + 2HCl(aq) → CO <sub>2</sub> (g) + H <sub>2</sub> O(l) + MgCl <sub>2</sub> (aq) ✓   | Do not accept "H <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ".   | 1     |
| 14.      | a | ii | n(HCl) = 2 n(CaCO <sub>3</sub> ) + 2 n(MgCO <sub>3</sub> )<br><i>OR</i><br>$n(HCl) = \frac{2 \times 0.680 \text{ «g»}}{100.09 \text{ «g mol}^{-1}\text{»}} + \frac{2 \times 0.080 \text{ «g»}}{84.32 \text{ «g mol}^{-1}\text{»}} \checkmark$<br>«n(HCl) = 0.0136 mol + 0.0019 mol => 0.016 «mol» ✓ | Award [2] for correct final answer.<br>Award [1 max] for correctly calculating amount of acid neutralized by just CaCO <sub>3</sub> (0.014 «mol») or MgCO <sub>3</sub> (0.002 «mol»).                          | 2     |
| 14.      | b |    | inhibits the secretion of stomach acid/H <sup>+</sup> ✓<br>«active metabolites» bind «irreversibly» to «receptors of the» proton pump ✓   | Accept "PPI/proton pump inhibitor".<br>Do not award mark for "binds to H <sub>2</sub> /histamine receptors". (Ranitidine mode of action.)<br>Accept "H <sup>+</sup> /K <sup>+</sup> ATPase" for "proton pump". | 2     |
| 15.      | a |    | blocks/inhibits neuraminidase/NA/«viral» enzyme which allows viruses to pass through cell membrane ✓<br>prevent virus from leaving/escaping host cell «thus it cannot infect other cells» ✓   |  | 2     |
| 15.      | b |    | Any one of:<br>limited supply of star anise/plant ✓<br>«star anise» takes time to grow ✓<br>time-consuming/multi-step extraction ✓<br>low concentration in plant ✓  | Accept "low yield for extraction/conversion" OR "requires environmentally damaging solvents".  | 1 max |